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2023/24 Hong Kong Budget Executive Summary

1. Key measures

(i) Supporting enterprises

- Reduce 100% of 2022/23 profits tax, subject to a ceiling of HKD6,000.
- Provide rates concession for non-domestic properties for the first two quarters of 2023/24, subject to a ceiling of HKD1,000 per quarter.
- Extend the application period of all guarantee products under the SME Financing Guarantee Scheme to March 2024.

(ii) Supporting the general public

- Reduce 100% of 2022/23 salaries tax and tax under personal assessment, subject to a ceiling of HKD6,000.
- Increase the basic child allowance and the additional child allowance for each child born from HKD120,000 to HKD130,000 starting from 2023/24.
- Provide rates concession for residential properties for the first two quarters of 2023/24, subject to a ceiling of HKD1,000 per quarter.
- Frant each eligible residential electricity account a subsidy of HKD1,000.
- Provide an extra half month allowance of the standard Comprehensive Social Security Assistance payments, Old Age Allowance, Old Age Living Allowance and Disability Allowance. Similar arrangements will apply to the Working Family Allowance.
- Pay examination fees for school candidates sitting for the 2024 Hong Kong Diploma of Secondary Education Examination.
- Extend the Public Transport Fare Subsidy Scheme for six months to October 2023.
- Extend the current arrangement of distributing electricity charges relief of HKD50 a month to each account to end of 2025.
- ➤ Issue HKD5,000 electronic consumption vouchers to each eligible Hong Kong permanent resident and new arrival aged 18 or above in two instalments.

1. Key measures (Continued)

(iii) Others

- > Introduce a mechanism to provide facilitation for companies domiciled overseas for re-domiciliation to Hong Kong.
- Introduce a new Capital Investment Entrant Scheme: applicants may reside and pursue development in Hong Kong after making investment at a certain amount in the local asset market, excluding property.

2. Profits Tax

Persons carrying on business in Hong Kong are liable to profits tax on profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong.

Profits tax rate remains unchanged for 2023/24#:

		Corporations	Unincorporated business
>	Standard tax rate Two-tiered profits tax rates regime*	16.5%	15%
	 First HKD2 million of assessable profits Remaining balance 	8.25% 16.5%	7.5% 15%

[#] Concessionary regimes are available for certain specified industries in business activities

Major areas in respect of the profits tax are set out below:

(a) Capital allowances

Depreciation allowance rates for plant and machinery

	Initial allowanceAnnual allowance	60% of qualifying expenditure 10%, 20% or 30% on the written down value brought forward
	Industrial building allowancesInitial allowanceAnnual allowance	20% of qualifying expenditure 4% of qualifying expenditure
	Commercial building allowance	4% of qualifying expenditure
	Building refurbishment	20% deduction for 5 years
(b)	Other deductions	
	Expenditure on environmentally friendly machinery and equipment	100% deduction
	Expenditure on computer hardware and software	100% deduction
	Enhanced deduction for qualifying research and development expenditure	300% for the first HKD2 million 200% for the remaining balance
	Deductions for charitable donations	35% of assessable profits

^{*} Only one entity within a group can benefit from the two-tiered rates

2. Profits Tax (Continued)

(c) Proposed measures

- To introduce a "patent box" tax incentive to provide tax concessions for profits sourced in Hong Kong from qualifying patents generated through R&D activities.
- To provide tax deduction for the spectrum utilisation fees to be paid by the telecommunications network operators which successfully bid for radio spectrum.
- To enhance the aircraft leasing preferential tax regime by allowing tax deduction for the acquisition cost of aircraft and expanding the scope of leases and aircraft leasing activities.
- To increase the tax deduction from 100% to 200% for the Mandatory Provident Fund voluntary contributions made by employers for their employees aged 65 or above.

3. Salaries Tax

Salaries tax charged is the lower of:

- net assessable income less charitable donations and allowable deductions at the standard rate of 15%; or
- net assessable income less charitable donations, allowable deductions and personal allowances, charged at the following progressive rates:

		2022/23
		and
		2023/24
	Tax rate	HKD
First HKD50,000	2%	1,000
Next HKD50,000	6%	3,000
Next HKD50,000	10%	5,000
Next HKD50,000	14%	7,000
Remaining balance	17%	

Major areas in respect of the salaries tax are set out below:

Personal allowances (a)

	2022/23	2023/24
	HKD	HKD
Personal allowance:		
Basic	132,000	132,000
Married	264,000	264,000
Single parent	132,000	132,000
Disabled	75,000	75,000
Child allowances:		
1st to 9th (each) basic and additional allowance		
Year of birth	240,000	260,000
Other years	120,000	130,000
Dependent parent/grandparent allowance		
(aged 60 or above)		
Basic	50,000	50,000
Additional	50,000	50,000
Dependent parent/grandparent allowance		
(aged between 55 to 59)		
Basic	25,000	25,000
Additional	25,000	25,000
Dependent brother/sister allowance	37,500	37,500
Disabled dependent (spouse/child/parent/		
grandparent/brother/sister) allowance	75,000	75,000

3. Salaries Tax (Continued)

(b) Deductions

	<u>Maximum limit</u> HKD
Domestic rents deduction	100,000
Elderly residential care expenses	100,000
Home loan interest	100,000
Mandatory annual contributions to recognised retirement schemes	18,000
Self-education expenses	100,000
Qualifying annuity premiums paid and voluntary contributions to the Mandatory Provident Fund	60,000
Qualifying voluntary health insurance scheme policy premiums	8,000 per insured person
Approved charitable donations	35% of assessable income

4. Property tax

The standard rate remains at 15%.

5. Rates

Rates on properties remain at 5% of the rateable value.

A progressive rating system for domestic properties will be introduced in 2024/25 :

Annual rateable value HKD	Proposed rates HKD
550,000 or below	5%
550,001 to 800,000	First 550,000 : 5% Next 250,000 : 8%
Above 800,000	First 550,000 : 5% Next 250,000 : 8% Above 800,000 : 12%

6. Stamp duty

(a) Property transactions

Stamp Duty rates and banding on property transactions:

- (i) A flat rate of 15% ad valorem Stamp Duty applies to all residential property purchases.
- (ii) For the sale and purchase or transfer of non-residential properties and residential property acquired by Hong Kong permanent residents who do not own other residential properties in Hong Kong and in other specified circumstances, is subject to the following rates:

Stamp duty rate
HKD
100
100 + 10% of excess over 3,000,000
1.5%
67,500 + 10% of excess over 4,500,000
2.25%
135,000 + 10% of excess over 6,000,000
3%
270,000 + 10% of excess over 9,000,000
3.75%
750,000 + 10% of excess over 20,000,000
4.25%

(iii) Special stamp duty

Special stamp duty on disposal of residential properties is imposed on the sale consideration or market value of the property, whichever is higher, as at the date of sale.

Holding period	Tax rate
6 months or less	20%
more than 6 months but not exceeding 12 months	15%
more than 12 months but not exceeding 36 months	10%

(iv) Buyer's stamp duty

A Buyer's Stamp Duty at 15% is payable on the purchase of residential property by a company (including Hong Kong and foreign companies) or non Hong Kong permanent residents.

(b) Sales and purchase of Hong Kong stock

0.26% of the consideration or the market value of each transaction of Hong Kong stock as at the transfer date, whichever is higher.